NEW ZEALAND OLYMPIC COMMITTEE INC
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2020

## FINANGIAL PAGES

OUR FUNDS


WHAT WE OWN


## WHERE WE INVEST




450K SURPLUS FOR 2020


RESERVES OF 3.4M


CASH \& INVESTMENTS STRONG AT
2.4M

OF REVENUE IS FROM COMMERGIAL PARTNERS

## NEW ZEALAND PARTNERS

## ANZ?



## NEW COMMERCIAL PARTNERS INCLUDE: THE WAREHOUSE GROUP. <br> FUNDERS INCLUDE: HIGH PERFORMANCE SPORT NZ, IOC, <br> SIR OWEN GLENN OLYMPIC LEGACY, THE SOUTHERN TRUST.



New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated
Consolidated Financial Statements
Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020


New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated
Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Opening balance

Surplus/(deficit) for the year

Other comprehensive income Unrealised gain/(loss) on Investments

Total net assets/equity

| Group <br> 2020 <br> $\$$ | Group <br> 2019 <br> $\$$ | NZOC <br> 2020 <br> $\$$ | NZOC <br>  <br> $4,236,759$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | $3,050,818$ | $2,919,958$ | $1,819,734$ |
| 205,723 | $1,060,093$ | 403,881 | $1,024,894$ |
|  |  |  |  |
| 189,583 | 125,847 | 45,727 | 75,330 |
|  |  |  |  |
| $4,632,065$ | $4,236,759$ | $3,369,566$ | $2,919,958$ |

## New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated

## Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2020

|  | Note | Group 2020 | Group 2019 | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NZOC } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NZOC } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \$ | \$ | \$ | \$ |
| Current assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cash and Cash equivalents |  | 11 | 1,776,870 | 1,903,682 | 1,761,228 | 1,593,227 |
| Investments | 15 | 1,471,690 | 1,571,543 | 657,859 | 617,968 |
| Accounts receivable | 12 | 690,507 | 685,852 | 690,507 | 959,075 |
| Inventory | 13 | 189,506 | - | 189,506 | - |
| Prepayments and other assets | 14 | 1,327,871 | 994,430 | 1,327,871 | 994,430 |
| Total current assets |  | 5,456,443 | 5,155,507 | 4,626,972 | 4,164,701 |
| Non-current assets |  |  |  |  |  |
| Investments | 15 | 433,028 | 315,554 | - | - |
| Property, plant and equipment | 20 | 93,798 | 77,223 | 93,798 | 77,223 |
| Total non-current assets |  | 526,826 | 392,777 | 93,798 | 77,223 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total assets |  | 5,983,269 | 5,548,284 | 4,720,769 | 4,241,923 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Current liabilities |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accounts payable | 21 | 650,621 | 821,160 | 650,621 | 821,160 |
| IOC - Solidarity projects funds in advance | 22 | 121,649 | 153,606 | 121,649 | 153,606 |
| Other funds in advance | 23 | 578,934 | 336,757 | 578,934 | 347,199 |
| Total current liabilities |  | 1,351,204 | 1,311,525 | 1,351,203 | 1,321,965 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Total net assets |  | 4,632,065 | 4,236,759 | 3,369,566 | 2,919,958 |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Accumulated Surplus |  | 3,132,065 | 2,736,759 | 2,869,566 | 2,419,958 |
| Edgar Olympic Foundation Endowment Fund | 24 | 1,000,000 | 1,000,000 | - | - |
| Yvette Williams Scholarship Fund | 25 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 | 500,000 |
| Total net assets/equity |  | 4,632,065 | 4,236,759 | 3,369,566 | 2,919,958 |

Authorised for and on behalf of the Board on 25 March 2021


Mike Stanley CNZM
President


Kereyn Smith MNZM
CEO and Secretary General

New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated
Statement of Cash Flows
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Cash flows from/(to) operating activities
Receipts from exchange transactions
Receipts from non-exchange transactions

Payments to suppliers
Payments to employees

Net cash inflow/(outflow) from operating activities

Cash flows from/(to) investing activities

Interest and dividends received
Increase/(decrease) in investments
Purchase of property, plant and equipment

Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities

Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year

Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year

| Group 2020 \$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { Group } \\ 2019 \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { NZOC } \\ 2020 \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \hline \text { NZOC } \\ 2019 \\ \$ \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 5,034,684 | 4,258,762 | 5,307,907 | 4,269,516 |
| 2,782,593 | 4,875,470 | 2,909,429 | 4,982,401 |
| $(5,035,820)$ | $(6,396,893)$ | $(4,952,264)$ | $(6,649,722)$ |
| $(3,042,861)$ | $(2,773,364)$ | $(3,042,861)$ | $(2,773,364)$ |
| $(261,403)$ | $(36,024)$ | 222,212 | $(171,168)$ |
| 23,368 | 240,304 | 691 | 77,780 |
| 171,962 | $(72,824)$ | 5,837 | $(75,331)$ |
| $(60,739)$ | $(46,760)$ | $(60,739)$ | $(46,760)$ |
| 134,592 | 120,720 | $(54,210)$ | $(44,310)$ |
| $(126,811)$ | 84,696 | 168,002 | $(215,478)$ |
| 1,903,682 | 1,818,986 | 1,593,227 | 1,808,706 |
| 1,776,870 | 1,903,682 | 1,761,229 | 1,593,227 |

## New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

## 1 Reporting Entity

The reporting entity is New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated (NZOC), an Incorporated Society and a Charitable Organisation registered under the Incorporated Societies Act 1908 and the Charities Act 2005.

The NZOC is a public benefit not-for-profit entity for the purposes of financial reporting, in accordance with the Financial Reporting Act 2013.

These consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2020 comprise the controlling entity and its controlled entities (together referred to as the 'Group') and individually as 'Group entities'.

## 2 Basis of Preparation

The consolidated financial statements of the NZOC are presented. The consolidated financial statements comprise New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated (the 'Parent') and the controlled entities, Edgar Olympic Foundation and NZOC America Inc (together, the 'Group').

The purpose of controlled entities is to provide sustainable income for the long-term operations of the Parent. The Parent consolidates the controlled entities because it either has control over the entity or it owns $100 \%$ of the issued share capital.

## a. Statement of Compliance and Basis of Preparation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Generally Accepted Accounting Practice in New Zealand (NZ GAAP). They comply with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime ('PBE Standards RDR'), as appropriate for Tier 2 not-for-profit public benefit entities (Group and NZOC results are separately disclosed).
The Group qualifies as a Tier 2 reporting entity as for the current and prior periods it has had between $\$ 2 \mathrm{~m}$ and $\$ 30 \mathrm{~m}$ operating expenditure.

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the Board of Trustees on 25 March 2021.

## b. Measurement Basis

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following material items in the statement of financial position, which are measured at fair value:

- Available-for-sale financial instruments
- The initial measurement of Value in Kind (VIK) assets received from non-exchange transactions.
c. Functional and Presentation Currency

The financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars (\$), which is the controlling entity's functional and Group's presentation currency.

There has been no change in the functional currency of the Group or any significant controlled entities of the Group during the year.

3 Use of Judgements and Estimates
The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

## a. Judgements

Judgements made in applying accounting policies that have had the most significant effects on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements include the following:

## New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated <br> Notes to the Financial Statements <br> For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

## 3 Use of Judgements and Estimates (continued)

Revenue recognition - non-exchange revenue (conditions vs restrictions)
Revenue from non-exchange transactions is recognised as revenue on receipt when there are no contractual conditions imposed by the giver requiring repayment in the event that the revenue is unspent at balance date. Management makes a judgement on the value received (where the revenue stream is not received in cash or is not easily measurable) and as to the existence of any conditions, as opposed to restrictions attached to the revenue stream.

## 4 Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies set out below have been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements and have been applied consistently by the Group.

The significant accounting policies of the Group are detailed below:

## a. Basis of Consolidation

Controlled entities are entities controlled by the NZOC, being where the NZOC has power to govern the financial and operating policies of another entity so as to benefit from that entity's activities. The financial statements of the Group's controlled entities are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commences until the date that control ceases.

Intra-group balances and transactions, and any unrealised income and expenses arising from intra-group transactions, are eliminated in preparing the consolidated financial statements.

## b. Revenue

Revenue is recognised when the amount of revenue can be measured reliably and it is probable that economic benefits will flow to the Group, and measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable.

The following specific recognition criteria in relation to the Group's revenue streams must also be met before revenue is recognised.

## (i) Revenue from exchange transactions

(i) Membership fees

Membership fees are invoiced annually after the General Assembly and recognised as revenue.

## (ii) Other exchange revenue

Revenue from the sale of goods or provision of services in the course of ordinary activities is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of returns, trade discounts and volume rebates.

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the customer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

## (iii) Commercial partners

Income is recognised when invoiced and this approximates the degree to which benefits have been provided to the commercial partners unless it is specifically linked to a future event, in which case it is carried forward in the statement of financial position as income in advance. Invoices are raised when a sponsorship agreement is executed. Commercial partnership agreements are deemed executed through the actions of both parties contained in the agreement.

## New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated <br> Notes to the Financial Statements <br> For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

## 4 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

Revenue includes goods and services value in kind (VIK) and is recorded at the agreed fair value. Expenditure VIK is recorded at the same fair value.
(iv) IOC Top Monies Sponsorship Programme

The IOC Top Monies Sponsorship Programme income is recognised over the quadrennial, which is $30 \%$ in $2017,25 \%$ in 2018 and 2019 , and $20 \%$ in 2020 as per the terms of the IOC agreement.

Games income
Games income relates to the team uniform VIK sponsored by Peak, the Lausanne Winter Youth Olympics team fee contributions and the Lausanne Organising Committee accommodation VIK.
(ii) Revenue from non-exchange transactions

Non-exchange transactions are those where the Group receives an inflow of resources (i.e. cash and other tangible or intangible items) but provides no (or nominal) direct consideration in return.

Inflows of resources from non-exchange transactions are only recognised as assets where both:

- It is probable that the associated future economic benefit or service potential will flow to the entity, and
- Fair value is reliably measurable.

Liabilities are recognised in relation to inflows of resources from non-exchange transactions when there is a resulting present obligation as a result of the non-exchange transactions, where both:

- It is probable that an outflow of resources embodying future economic benefit or service potential will be required to settle the obligation, and
- The amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.


## Grants and Donations

Grants and Donations are recognised when they become receivable and subsquent receipt is considered probable unless the Group has a liability to repay the grant or donation if the conditions attached to the grant or donation are not fulfilled. A liability is recognised to the extent that such conditions are unfulfilled at the end of the reporting period.

## Games income

Games income relates to the Lausanne Organising Committee travel subisdies, Lausanne YOG subsidies and a donation.

## (iii) Facilitation of External Funding

The NZOC does not recognise as income any funding received on behalf of other sporting organisations for which the NZOC is merely acting as a facilitator and receives no financial gain, this includes Solidarity income from the IOC.

## c. Employee Benefits

Short-term benefits
Employee benefits that the Group or Parent expects to be settled within 12 months of reporting date are measured at nominal values based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay on an undiscounted basis.

These include salaries and wages accrued up to reporting date, and annual leave earned but not yet taken at reporting date and expected to be settled within 12 months.

Defined contribution pension plans - KiwiSaver
Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the Surplus/(deficit) when they are due.

# New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated <br> Notes to the Financial Statements <br> For the Year Ended 31 December 2020 

## 4 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## d. Finance Income and Expenses

Finance income comprises interest income, dividend income, changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets that may be reclassified to the surplus/(deficit), and foreign currency gains. Interest income is recognised as it accrues, using the effective interest method. Dividend income is recognised on the date that the Group's right to receive payment is established, which in the case of quoted securities is the ex-dividend date.

Finance expenses comprise foreign currency losses and changes in the fair value of available-for-sale financial assets that may be reclassified to the surplus/(deficit).
e. Financial Instruments

Financial instruments are recognised by the Group when it becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount presented in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Group has a legal right to offset the amounts and intends either to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

## Financial Assets

The Group derecognises a financial asset when the contractual rights to the cash flows from the asset expire, or it transfers the rights to receive the contractual cash flows in a transaction in which substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the financial asset are transferred. Any interest in transferred financial assets that is created or retained by the Group is recognised as a separate asset or liability.

The Group classifies financial assets into the following categories: loans and receivables and available-for-sale financial assets that may be reclassified to surplus/(deficit).

## (i) Loans and Receivables

Loans and Receivables are financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

Receivables are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses (refer Note 4(f)). They comprise trade and other receivables, which are stated at expected realisable value.

Cash and cash equivalents represent highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into a known amount of cash with an insignificant risk of changes in value, with maturities of three months or less.

## (ii) Available-for-sale Financial Assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivative financial assets that are designated as available for sale or are not classified in any of the above categories of financial assets.

Available-for-sale financial assets are subsequently measured at fair value that is the quoted market price in an active market, with gains or losses (other than foreign exchange gains or losses) recognised in other comprehensive income.

Upon derecognition, the accumulated gain or loss within net assets/equity is reclassified to surplus or deficit.

Available-for-sale financial assets comprise the portfolio investments managed by ANZ and Forsyth Barr as per note 15.

## Financial Liabilities

The Group derecognises a financial liability when its contractual obligations are discharged, cancelled or expire. The Group also derecognises financial assets and financial liabilities when there have been significant changes to the terms and/or the amount of contractual payments to be received/paid.Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value, and for those financial instruments not subsequently measured at fair value through surplus or deficit, directly attributable transaction costs. Subsequent measurement is dependent on the classification of the financial instrument, and is specifically detailed in the accounting policies below.

## New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated <br> Notes to the Financial Statements <br> For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

## 4 Significant Accounting Policies (continued)

## (i) Amortised Cost Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities classified as amortised cost are non-derivative financial liabilities that are not classified as fair value through surplus or deficit financial liabilities.

Financial liabilities classified as amortised cost are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Financial liabilities classified as amortised cost comprise cash and cash equivalents (bank overdrafts), trade and other payables and borrowings.

## f. Impairment of Non-derivative Financial Assets

A financial asset not subsequently measured at fair value through surplus or deficit is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is objective evidence that it is impaired. A financial asset is impaired if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset, and that the loss event(s) had an impact on the estimated future cash flows of that asset that can be estimated reliably.

## g. Operating Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to profit or loss on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

## h. Property, Plant and Equipment

Property, plant and equipment are shown at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Where material parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

## Depreciation

Depreciation is provided on a straight-line or diminishing value basis on all property, plant and equipment at rates that will write off the cost of the assets to their estimated residual values over their useful lives. Depreciation is charged to the profit and loss. The useful lives and associated depreciation rates of major classes of assets have been estimated for current and prior period as follows:

## Asset Classification and Depreciation Rates

Depreciation Rates
Computer Equipment
33.0-33.3\%

Office Equipment
10.0-33.3\%

Fixtures and Fittings
15.0-33.0\%

Games Plant
20.0-33.0\%

## i. Deferred Expenditure

Items of expenditure are deferred to the extent that they are: (i) recoverable out of future revenue, do not relate solely to revenue which has already been brought to account and will contribute to the future earning capacity of the Committee; or (ii) paid in advance in relation to expenditure programs of subsequent years. Deferred expenditure is amortised over the shorter of the period in which the related benefits are expected to be realised or four years. Expenditure deferred in previous periods is reviewed annually to determine the amount (if any) that is no longer recoverable or relates to expenditure programs of prior years. All such amounts are recognised as an expense in that period.

5 Changes in Accounting Policy
There are no changes in accounting policy for the year ended 31 December 2020.

New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

6 Games Income / Expenditure

| Lausanne Youth Winter Olympics 2020 | Group \& NZOC |
| :--- | ---: |
|  | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
|  | $\$$ |
| Sponsorship Income VIK | 96,900 |
| Team fee contributions | 72,500 |
| IOC funding | 96,900 |
| Donation | 30,000 |
| Total Income | 296,300 |
| Expenses |  |
| Team uniform VIK | 37,500 |
| Airfares and freight | 92,000 |
| Accommodation at Village VIK | 59,400 |
| Accommodation | 24,631 |
| Chef de Mission and Team Support | 33,048 |
| Other costs | 14,519 |
| Insurance | 4,680 |
| Site visits and meeting costs | 5,619 |
| Total Expenses |  |
| Net income/(expenditure) | 271,397 |

New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020


New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020


The carrying value of account receivables approximates their fair value.

New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Group } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NZOC } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Group } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NZOC } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 13 | \$ | \$ | Inventory | \$ | \$ |
|  | - | - | Merchandise | 189,506 | 189,506 |
|  | - | - | Total Inventory | 189,506 | 189,506 |
|  | Group | NZOC |  | Group | NZOC |
|  | 2019 | 2019 |  | 2020 | 2020 |
| 14 | \$ | \$ | Prepayments and Other Assets | \$ | \$ |
|  | 259,828 | 259,828 | Prepayments - Corporate Services | 178,394 | 178,394 |
|  | 569,761 | 569,761 | Prepayments - Tokyo 2020 Olympics | 1,141,299 | 1,141,299 |
|  | 136,433 | 136,433 | Prepayments - Other Games | - | - |
|  | 28,408 | 28,408 | Other Assets | 8,178 | 8,178 |
|  | 994,430 | 994,430 | Total prepayments and other assets | 1,327,871 | 1,327,871 |
|  | Group | NZOC |  | Group | NZOC |
|  | 2019 | 2019 |  | 2020 | 2020 |
| 15 | \$ | \$ | Investments | \$ | \$ |
|  | 617,968 | 617,968 | ANZ Balanced Portfolio Investment | 657,859 | 657,859 |
|  | 1,269,130 | - | Edgar Olympic Foundation - Forsyth Barr Investment | 1,246,860 | - |
|  | 1,887,097 | 617,968 |  | 1,904,718 | 657,859 |
|  | 1,571,543 | 617,968 | Current | 1,471,690 | 657,859 |
|  | 315,554 | - | Non-current | 433,028 | - |
|  | 1,887,097 | 617,968 | Total investments | 1,904,718 | 657,859 |

The Yvette Williams Scholarship Fund are invested in a ANZ Balanced Portfolio Investment. The funds are made up of International fixed interest, property and equities, Australasian property and equities, NZ fixed interest and cash.

The Edgar Olympic Foundation investments are managed by Forsyth Barr Limited. The funds are made up of NZ equities, Australian equities, International equities, fixed interest, property and cash. It also includes various bonds which are classified as non-current investments above.

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Group } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NZOC } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  |  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Group } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \text { NZOC } \\ & 2020 \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| \$ | \$ | Financial Instruments | Note | \$ | \$ |
| 1,903,682 | 1,593,227 | Bank | 11 | 1,777,438 | 1,761,228 |
| 685,852 | 959,075 | Trade receivables | 12 | 690,507 | 690,507 |
| 617,968 | 617,968 | ANZ Balanced Portfolio | 15 | 657,859 | 657,859 |
| 1,269,130 | - | Forsyth Barr | 15 | 1,246,860 | - |
| $(298,674)$ | $(298,674)$ | Trade payables | 21 | $(436,613)$ | $(436,613)$ |
| 4,177,958 | 2,871,596 |  |  | 3,936,051 | 2,672,981 |
| Group | NZOC |  |  | Group | NZOC |
| 2019 | 2019 | Employee Benefit Liabilities |  | 2020 | 2020 |
| \$ | \$ |  |  | \$ | \$ |
| 156,311 | 156,311 | Holiday pay accrual |  | 119,621 | 119,621 |
| 156,311 | 156,311 | Total employee benefit liabilities |  | 119,621 | 119,621 |


|  | Group | NZOC |  | Group | NZOC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 18 | 2019 | 2019 | Operating Lease Commitments | 2020 | 2020 |
|  | \$ | \$ |  | \$ | \$ |
|  |  |  | Leases as lessee |  |  |
|  |  |  | Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as follows: |  |  |
|  | 208,804 | 208,804 | Less than one year | 181,260 | 181,260 |
|  | 226,260 | 226,260 | Between one and five years | 45,000 | 45,000 |
|  | 435,064 | 435,064 | Total leases | 226,260 | 226,260 |

The NZOC commenced an operating lease for the premises located at 350 Parnell Road, Parnell, Auckland, in April 2014 which expired in April 2020, with a right of renewal to 2024. NZOC has advised the Property Manager it wishes to renew the lease for another 2 years to April 2022. The annual rent under this agreement is $\$ 180,000$. Two vehicle leases that were entered into with Toyota during 2019 ended in 2020.

|  | Group | NZOC |  | Group | NZOC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 19 | 2019 | 2019 | Olympic Solidarity | 2020 | 2020 |
|  | \$ | \$ |  | \$ | \$ |
|  | 402,968 | 402,968 | Funds received from International Olympic Committee | 578,942 | 578,942 |
|  | $(402,968)$ | $(402,968)$ | Distributions to National Sporting Organisations and Athletes | $(578,942)$ | $(578,942)$ |
|  | - | - |  | - | - |

In 2020 NZOC provided financial support to 13 National Sporting Organisations, 10 athlete Tokyo Olympic Scholarships and 10 Beijing Winter Olympic Scholarships.

New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020


Trade payables are non-interest bearing and are normally settled on 30-day terms; therefore, the carrying value of trade and other payables approximates their fair value.

|  | Group | NZOC |  | Group | NZOC |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 2019 | 2019 |  | 2020 | 2020 |
| 22 | \$ | \$ | Funds in Advance | \$ | \$ |
|  |  |  | IOC - Solidarity projects funds in advance |  |  |
|  | 52,525 | 52,525 | ONOC - National Activities Programme | 61,435 | 61,435 |
|  | 8,267 | 8,267 | IOC - Tokyo 2020 Scholarships | 55,533 | 55,533 |
|  | - | - | IOC - Beijing 2022 Athlete Scholarships | 4,681 | 4,681 |
|  | 29,250 | 29,250 | IOC - Other Games | - |  |
|  | 63,565 | 63,565 | IOC - Women In Sport Leadership Academy, Olympic Culture and Legacy | - | - |
|  | 153,606 | 153,606 | Total solidarity funds in advance | 121,649 | 121,649 |

## New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated

Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Year Ended 31 December 2020


The Edgar Olympic Foundation (EOF) was set up as a charitable trust in February 2009 to provide financial assistance to bona fide charitable purposes which further or are connected with the charitable objects of the NZOC. The funds are invested with Forsyth Barr in a private portfolio management service. An annual application for funding is sent from the NZOC to the EOF trustees, comprising two NZOC and one independent trustee for consideration and approval. In 2020 this funding was $\$ 200,000$ (2019: $\$ 123,500$ ).

|  | Group | NZOC | Group |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 2019 | 2019 | NZOC |  |
| 25 | $\$$ | Yvette Williams Scholarship Fund | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| 500,000 | 500,000 | Opening balance | $\mathbf{2 0 2 0}$ |
| 500,000 | 500,000 | Closing balance | 500,000 |

The Glenn Family Foundation donated $\$ 500,000$ in November 2013. It was named the 'Yvette Williams Scholarship' with a purpose of continuing the Yvette Williams legacy. The NZOC awards a scholarship annually to an athlete/team who demonstrates the same qualities as Yvette as an athlete and to assist them compete and perform internationally. In 2020, there was no recipient.
In 2020 the earnings from the ANZ Balanced Portfolio investment were $\$ 40,582$ (2019: $\$ 75,330)$.

Capital Commitments
The Group had no capital commitments (2019: \$nil)

## Related Party Transactions

Related party transactions with controlled entities
The Parent has a related party relationship with Edgar Olympic Foundation (EOF) and NZOC America Inc (NZOCA Inc). The New Zealand Olympic Committee Inc, as Parent, consolidates the EOF and NZOCA Inc because it is the sole beneficiary of their activities. In 2020 EOF made donations to NZOC of $\$ 200,000$ (2019: $\$ 123,500$ ). NZOC America Inc made donations to NZOC in 2020 of $\$ 343,465$ (2019: $\$ 556,448$ )

|  | Group $2019$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NZOC } \\ 2019 \end{gathered}$ |  | $\begin{gathered} \text { Group } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { NZOC } \\ 2020 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 28 | \$ | \$ | Key Management Personnel | \$ | \$ |
|  | 1,289,528 | 1,289,528 | Wages and salaries paid to Senior Management Team | 1,314,728 | 1,314,728 |

# New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated 

## Notes to the Financial Statements

For the Year Ended 31 December 2020

Board members: there are 9 Board members on the NZOC Board. No payments or fees were made during 2020
(2019: nil) Senior management team (SMT): is made up of 6 personnel and is responsible for reporting to the Board.

## Contingent Assets

In December 2020, a revised Deed of Gift was signed with a donor company owned by Sir Owen Glenn for a $\$ 1.9 \mathrm{~m}$ donation over 3 years. The income will be recognised in future years as invoiced under the terms of the deed.

Contingent Liabilities
The Group and NZOC had no contingent liabilities as at 31 December 2020 (2019: \$nil).

Events subsequent to Balance date
In March 2021, the Government of Japan, the Tokyo Metropolitan Government and the Tokyo Organising Committee 2020 met with the International Olympic Committee and the International Paraolympic Committee 2021 and informed them that no international spectators would be allowed to attend the Olympic Games in Tokyo because of the prevailing worldwide covid-19 pandemic. As a result of this decision, only accredited Games stakeholders can enter Japan. The NZOC will work alongside NZ Olympic Travel to negotiate in good faith with the Tokyo Organising Committee for the refund of any deposits paid for Tokyo 2020 tickets and accommodation. It is anticipated this refund process will take some months to resolve. The Board are of the view that based on the information received to date, there is no material impact which would require an adjustment to the 2020 Financial statements.

## Independent Auditor's Report

## To the Members of <br> New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated

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Level 1,1Broadway
Newmarket, Auckland 1023
T +64 (9) 3671656
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## Opinion

We have audited the consolidated and separate financial statements of New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated (the committee) and its subsidiaries (the group), which comprise:

- the consolidated and separate statement of financial position as at 31 December 2020;
- the consolidated and separate statement of comprehensive revenue and expense for the year then ended;
- the consolidated and separate statement of changes in net assets/equity for the year then ended;
- the consolidated and separate statement of cash flows for the year then ended; and
- the notes to the consolidated and separate financial statements, which include significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying consolidated and separate financial statements on pages 3 to 19 present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the group and committee as at 31 December 2020, and their financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime issued by the New Zealand Accounting Standards Board.

## Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) (ISAs (NZ)). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated and the group in accordance with Professional and Ethical Standard 1 (Revised) Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other than in our capacity as auditor we have no relationship with, or interests in, the New Zealand Olympic Committee or any of its subsidiaries.

## Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information on page 2 (but does not include the consolidated and separate financial statements and our auditor's report thereon), which we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report. Our opinion on the consolidated and separate financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information identified above and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the consolidated and separate financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed on the other information that we obtained prior to the date of this auditor's report, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

## Responsibilities of the board for the consolidated and separate financial statements

The board is responsible, on behalf of the committee and group, for the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated and separate financial statements in accordance with Public Benefit Entity Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime, and for such internal control as the board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated and separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the consolidated and separate financial statements, the board is responsible, on behalf of the committee and group, for assessing their ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless those charged with governance either intend to liquidate the committee and group or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

## Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated and separate financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (NZ) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of users taken on the basis of this consolidated and separate financial statements. A further description of the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the consolidated and separate financial statements is located at the XRB's website at:
https://xrb.govt.nz/Site/Auditing Assurance Standards/Current Standards/Page7.aspx

## Who we report to

This report is made solely to the members, as a body. Our audit has been undertaken so that we might state to the members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than New Zealand Olympic Committee Incorporated and its members as a body, for our work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

## RSM

